

**MUNICIPAL VOTING METHODS AMENDMENTS**

2023 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

**Chief Sponsor: Jeffrey D. Stenquist**

Senate Sponsor: \_\_\_\_\_

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**LONG TITLE**

**General Description:**

This bill makes approval voting an option for municipal elections under the Municipal Voting Methods Pilot Project.

**Highlighted Provisions:**

This bill:

- ▶ defines terms;
- ▶ gives a participating municipality the option of selecting different methods of conducting an election as part of the Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project;
- ▶ describes the process of voting and of determining winners in an alternate voting methods race, depending on the voting method selected by a participating municipality; and
- ▶ makes technical and conforming changes.

**Money Appropriated in this Bill:**

None

**Other Special Clauses:**

None

**Utah Code Sections Affected:**

AMENDS:

**20A-1-304**, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 187



- 28            **20A-3a-204**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 156
- 29            **20A-4-101**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 342
- 30            **20A-4-102**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 342
- 31            **20A-4-401**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 31
- 32            **20A-4-601**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 342
- 33            **20A-4-602**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 170
- 34            **20A-4-603**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 342
- 35            **20A-6-203.5**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 187
- 36            **20A-6-402**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 31

37 ENACTS:

38            **20A-4-605**, Utah Code Annotated 1953



40 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*

41            Section 1. Section **20A-1-304** is amended to read:

42            **20A-1-304. Tie votes.**

43            Except for a race conducted by [~~instant runoff voting under Title 20A,~~] an alternate  
44 voting method under Chapter 4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project, if  
45 two or more candidates for a position have an equal and the highest number of votes for any  
46 office, the election officer shall, in a public meeting held within 30 days after the day on which  
47 the canvass is completed, determine the candidate selected, by lot, in the presence of each  
48 candidate subject to the tie.

49            Section 2. Section **20A-3a-204** is amended to read:

50            **20A-3a-204. Marking and depositing ballots.**

51            (1) To vote by mail:

52            (a) except as provided in Subsection (6), the voter shall prepare the voter's manual  
53 ballot by marking the appropriate space with a mark opposite the name of each candidate of the  
54 voter's choice for each office to be filled;

55            (b) if a ballot proposition is submitted to a vote of the people, the voter shall mark the  
56 appropriate space with a mark opposite the answer the voter intends to make;

57            (c) except as provided in Subsection (6), the voter shall record a write-in vote in  
58 accordance with Subsection **20A-3a-206**(1);

59 (d) except as provided in Subsection (6), a mark is not required opposite the name of a  
60 write-in candidate; and

61 (e) the voter shall:

62 (i) complete and sign the affidavit on the return envelope;

63 (ii) place the voted ballot in the return envelope;

64 (iii) if required, place a copy of the voter's valid voter identification in the return  
65 envelope;

66 (iv) securely seal the return envelope; and

67 (v) (A) attach postage, if necessary, and deposit the return envelope in the mail; or

68 (B) place the return envelope in a ballot drop box, designated by the election officer,  
69 for the precinct where the voter resides.

70 (2) (a) Except as otherwise provided in Section 20A-16-404, to be valid, a ballot that is  
71 mailed must be:

72 (i) clearly postmarked before election day, or otherwise clearly marked by the post  
73 office as received by the post office before election day; and

74 (ii) received in the office of the election officer before noon on the day of the official  
75 canvass following the election.

76 (b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), to be valid, a ballot shall, before the polls  
77 close on election day, be deposited in:

78 (i) a ballot box at a polling place; or

79 (ii) a ballot drop box designated by an election officer for the jurisdiction to which the  
80 ballot relates.

81 (c) An election officer may, but is not required to, forward a ballot deposited in a ballot  
82 drop box in the wrong jurisdiction to the correct jurisdiction.

83 (d) An election officer shall ensure that a voter who is, at or before 8 p.m., in line at a  
84 ballot drop box, with a sealed return envelope containing a ballot in the voter's possession, to  
85 deposit the ballot in the ballot drop box.

86 (3) Except as provided in Subsection (4), to vote at a polling place the voter shall, after  
87 complying with Subsections (1)(a) through (d):

88 (a) sign the official register or pollbook; and

89 (b) (i) place the ballot in the ballot box; or

90 (ii) if the ballot is a provisional ballot, place the ballot in the provisional ballot  
91 envelope, complete the information printed on the provisional ballot envelope, and deposit the  
92 provisional ballot envelope in the provisional ballot box.

93 (4) (a) An individual with a disability may vote a mechanical ballot at a polling place.

94 (b) An individual other than an individual with a disability may vote a mechanical  
95 ballot at a polling place if permitted by the election officer.

96 (5) To vote a mechanical ballot, the voter shall:

97 (a) make the selections according to the instructions provided for the voting device;

98 and

99 (b) subject to Subsection (6), record a write-in vote by:

100 (i) selecting the appropriate position for entering a write-in candidate; and

101 (ii) using the voting device to enter the name of the valid write-in candidate for whom  
102 the voter wishes to vote.

103 (6) To vote in an [~~instant runoff voting race under Title 20A,~~] alternate voting method  
104 race under Chapter 4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project[~~, a voter~~]:

105 (a) for a municipality using the instant runoff voting method described in Sections  
106 20A-4-603 and 20A-4-604, a voter:

107 [~~(a)~~] (i) shall indicate, as directed on the ballot, the name of the candidate who is the  
108 voter's first preference for the office; and

109 [~~(b)~~] (ii) may indicate, as directed on the ballot, the names of the remaining candidates  
110 in order of the voter's preference[-]; or

111 (b) for a municipality using the approval voting method described in Section  
112 20A-4-605, a voter shall, as directed on the ballot, indicate one or more names of candidates  
113 whom the voter approves for the office, without stating an order of preference.

114 (7) A voter who votes at a polling place:

115 (a) shall mark and cast or deposit the ballot without delay and shall leave the voting  
116 area after voting; and

117 (b) may not:

118 (i) occupy a voting booth occupied by another, except as provided in Section  
119 20A-3a-208;

120 (ii) remain within the voting area more than 10 minutes; or

121 (iii) occupy a voting booth for more than five minutes if all booths are in use and other  
122 voters are waiting to occupy a voting booth.

123 (8) If the official register shows any voter as having voted, that voter may not reenter  
124 the voting area during that election unless that voter is an election official or watcher.

125 (9) A poll worker may not, at a polling place, allow more than four voters more than  
126 the number of voting booths into the voting area at one time unless those excess voters are:

- 127 (a) election officials;
- 128 (b) watchers; or
- 129 (c) assisting voters with a disability.

130 Section 3. Section **20A-4-101** is amended to read:

131 **20A-4-101. Manual ballots cast at a polling place -- Counting manual ballots at**  
132 **polling place on day of election before polls close.**

133 (1) Each county legislative body, municipal legislative body, and each poll worker  
134 shall comply with the requirements of this section when counting manual ballots on the day of  
135 an election, if:

- 136 (a) the ballots are cast at a polling place; and
- 137 (b) the ballots are counted at the polling place before the polls close.

138 (2) (a) Each county legislative body or municipal legislative body shall provide:

- 139 (i) two sets of ballot boxes for all voting precincts where both receiving and counting  
140 judges have been appointed; and
- 141 (ii) a counting room for the use of the poll workers counting the ballots during the day.
- 142 (b) At any election in any voting precinct in which both receiving and counting judges  
143 have been appointed, when at least 20 votes have been cast, the receiving judges shall:
  - 144 (i) close the first ballot box and deliver it to the counting judges; and
  - 145 (ii) prepare and use another ballot box to receive voted ballots.

146 (c) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(f), upon receipt of the ballot box, the counting  
147 judges shall:

- 148 (i) take the ballot box to the counting room;
- 149 (ii) count the votes on the regular ballots in the ballot box;
- 150 (iii) place the provisional ballot envelopes in the envelope or container provided for  
151 them for return to the election officer; and

152 (iv) when they have finished counting the votes in the ballot box, return the emptied  
153 box to the receiving judges.

154 (d) (i) During the course of election day, whenever there are at least 20 ballots  
155 contained in a ballot box, the receiving judges shall deliver that ballot box to the counting  
156 judges for counting; and

157 (ii) the counting judges shall immediately count the regular ballots and segregate the  
158 provisional ballots contained in that box.

159 (e) The counting judges shall continue to exchange the ballot boxes and count ballots  
160 until the polls close.

161 (f) (i) The director of elections within the Office of the Lieutenant Governor shall make  
162 rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,  
163 describing the procedures that a counting judge is required to follow for counting ballots in an  
164 [~~instant runoff voting~~] alternate voting method race under Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting  
165 Methods Pilot Project.

166 (ii) When counting ballots in an [~~instant runoff voting~~] alternate voting method race  
167 described in Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project, a counting judge shall  
168 comply with the procedures established under Subsection (2)(f)(i) and Part 6, Municipal  
169 Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project.

170 (3) To resolve questions that arise during the counting of ballots, a counting judge shall  
171 apply the standards and requirements of:

172 (a) to the extent applicable, Section [20A-4-105](#); and

173 (b) as applicable, for an instant runoff voting race under Part 6, Municipal Alternate  
174 Voting Methods Pilot Project, Subsections [20A-4-603](#) [~~(3) through (5)~~] (4) through (6).

175 Section 4. Section [20A-4-102](#) is amended to read:

176 **[20A-4-102](#). Manual ballots cast at a polling place -- Counting manual ballots at**  
177 **polling place on day of election after polls close.**

178 (1) (a) This section governs counting manual ballots on the day of an election, if:

179 (i) the ballots are cast at a polling place; and

180 (ii) the ballots are counted at the polling place after the polls close.

181 (b) Except as provided in Subsection (2) or a rule made under Subsection

182 [20A-4-101](#)(2)(f)(i), as soon as the polls have been closed and the last qualified voter has voted,

183 the election judges shall count the ballots by performing the tasks specified in this section in  
184 the order that they are specified.

185 (c) To resolve questions that arise during the counting of ballots, a counting judge shall  
186 apply the standards and requirements of:

187 (i) to the extent applicable, Section 20A-4-105; and

188 (ii) as applicable, for an instant runoff voting race under Part 6, Municipal Alternate  
189 Voting Methods Pilot Project, Subsections 20A-4-603~~[(3) through (5)]~~ (4) through (6).

190 (2) (a) First, the election judges shall count the number of ballots in the ballot box.

191 (b) (i) If there are more ballots in the ballot box than there are names entered in the  
192 pollbook, the judges shall examine the official endorsements on the ballots.

193 (ii) If, in the unanimous opinion of the judges, any of the ballots do not bear the proper  
194 official endorsement, the judges shall put those ballots in an excess ballot file and not count  
195 them.

196 (c) (i) If, after examining the official endorsements, there are still more ballots in the  
197 ballot box than there are names entered in the pollbook, the judges shall place the remaining  
198 ballots back in the ballot box.

199 (ii) One of the judges, without looking, shall draw a number of ballots equal to the  
200 excess from the ballot box.

201 (iii) The judges shall put those excess ballots into the excess ballot envelope and not  
202 count them.

203 (d) When the ballots in the ballot box equal the number of names entered in the  
204 pollbook, the judges shall count the votes.

205 (3) The judges shall:

206 (a) place all unused ballots in the envelope or container provided for return to the  
207 county clerk or city recorder; and

208 (b) seal that envelope or container.

209 (4) The judges shall:

210 (a) place all of the provisional ballot envelopes in the envelope provided for them for  
211 return to the election officer; and

212 (b) seal that envelope or container.

213 (5) (a) In counting the votes, the election judges shall read and count each ballot

214 separately.

215 (b) In regular primary elections the judges shall:

216 (i) count the number of ballots cast for each party;

217 (ii) place the ballots cast for each party in separate piles; and

218 (iii) count all the ballots for one party before beginning to count the ballots cast for  
219 other parties.

220 (6) (a) In all elections, the counting judges shall, except as provided in Part 6,

221 Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project, or a rule made under Subsection

222 [20A-4-101](#)(2)(f)(i):

223 (i) count one vote for each candidate designated by the marks in the squares next to the  
224 candidate's name;

225 (ii) count each vote for each write-in candidate who has qualified by filing a  
226 declaration of candidacy under Section [20A-9-601](#);

227 (iii) read every name marked on the ballot and mark every name upon the tally sheets  
228 before another ballot is counted;

229 (iv) evaluate each ballot and each vote based on the standards and requirements of  
230 Section [20A-4-105](#);

231 (v) write the word "spoiled" on the back of each ballot that lacks the official  
232 endorsement and deposit it in the spoiled ballot envelope; and

233 (vi) read, count, and record upon the tally sheets the votes that each candidate and  
234 ballot proposition received from all ballots, except excess or spoiled ballots.

235 (b) Election judges need not tally write-in votes for fictitious persons, nonpersons, or  
236 persons clearly not eligible to qualify for office.

237 (c) The judges shall certify to the accuracy and completeness of the tally list in the  
238 space provided on the tally list.

239 (d) When the judges have counted all of the voted ballots, they shall record the results  
240 on the total votes cast form.

241 (7) Only an election judge and a watcher may be present at the place where counting is  
242 conducted until the count is completed.

243 Section 5. Section **20A-4-401** is amended to read:

244 **20A-4-401. Recounts -- Procedure.**

245 (1) (a) This section does not apply to ~~[a race conducted by instant runoff voting under~~  
246 ~~Chapter 4,]~~ an alternate voting method race conducted under Part 6, Municipal Alternate  
247 Voting Methods Pilot Project.

248 (b) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(c), for a race between candidates, if the  
249 difference between the number of votes cast for a winning candidate in the race and a losing  
250 candidate in the race is equal to or less than .25% of the total number of votes cast for all  
251 candidates in the race, that losing candidate may file a request for a recount in accordance with  
252 Subsection (1)(d).

253 (c) For a race between candidates where the total of all votes cast in the race is 400 or  
254 less, if the difference between the number of votes cast for a winning candidate in the race and  
255 a losing candidate in the race is one vote, that losing candidate may file a request for a recount  
256 in accordance with Subsection (1)(d).

257 (d) A candidate who files a request for a recount under Subsection (1) (b) or (c) shall  
258 file the request:

259 (i) for a municipal primary election, with the municipal clerk, before 5 p.m. within  
260 three days after the canvass; or

261 (ii) for all other elections, before 5 p.m. within seven days after the canvass with:

262 (A) the municipal clerk, if the election is a municipal general election;

263 (B) the local district clerk, if the election is a local district election;

264 (C) the county clerk, for races voted on entirely within a single county; or

265 (D) the lieutenant governor, for statewide races and multicounty races.

266 (e) The election officer shall:

267 (i) supervise the recount;

268 (ii) recount all ballots cast for that race;

269 (iii) reexamine all uncounted ballots to ensure compliance with Chapter 3a, Part 4,  
270 Disposition of Ballots;

271 (iv) for a race where only one candidate may win, declare elected the candidate who  
272 receives the highest number of votes on the recount; and

273 (v) for a race where multiple candidates may win, declare elected the applicable  
274 number of candidates who receive the highest number of votes on the recount.

275 (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), for a ballot proposition or a bond

276 proposition, if the proposition passes or fails by a margin that is equal to or less than .25% of  
277 the total votes cast for or against the proposition, any 10 voters who voted in the election where  
278 the proposition was on the ballot may file a request for a recount before 5 p.m. within seven  
279 days after the day of the canvass with the person described in Subsection (2)(c).

280 (b) For a ballot proposition or a bond proposition where the total of all votes cast for or  
281 against the proposition is 400 or less, if the difference between the number of votes cast for the  
282 proposition and the number of votes cast against the proposition is one vote, any 10 voters who  
283 voted in the election where the proposition was on the ballot may file a request for a recount  
284 before 5 p.m. within seven days after the day of the canvass with the person described in  
285 Subsection (2)(c).

286 (c) The 10 voters who file a request for a recount under Subsection (2)(a) or (b) shall  
287 file the request with:

- 288 (i) the municipal clerk, if the election is a municipal election;
- 289 (ii) the local district clerk, if the election is a local district election;
- 290 (iii) the county clerk, for propositions voted on entirely within a single county; or
- 291 (iv) the lieutenant governor, for statewide propositions and multicounty propositions.

292 (d) The election officer shall:

- 293 (i) supervise the recount;
- 294 (ii) recount all ballots cast for that ballot proposition or bond proposition;
- 295 (iii) reexamine all uncounted ballots to ensure compliance with Chapter 3a, Part 4,

296 Disposition of Ballots; and

297 (iv) declare the ballot proposition or bond proposition to have "passed" or "failed"  
298 based upon the results of the recount.

299 (e) Proponents and opponents of the ballot proposition or bond proposition may  
300 designate representatives to witness the recount.

301 (f) The voters requesting the recount shall pay the costs of the recount.

302 (3) Costs incurred by recount under Subsection (1) may not be assessed against the  
303 person requesting the recount.

304 (4) (a) Upon completion of the recount, the election officer shall immediately convene  
305 the board of canvassers.

306 (b) The board of canvassers shall:

307 (i) canvass the election returns for the race or proposition that was the subject of the  
308 recount; and

309 (ii) with the assistance of the election officer, prepare and sign the report required by  
310 Section 20A-4-304 or 20A-4-306.

311 (c) If the recount is for a statewide or multicounty race or for a statewide proposition,  
312 the board of county canvassers shall prepare and transmit a separate report to the lieutenant  
313 governor as required by Subsection 20A-4-304 (7).

314 (d) The canvassers' report prepared as provided in this Subsection (4) is the official  
315 result of the race or proposition that is the subject of the recount.

316 Section 6. Section 20A-4-601 is amended to read:

317 **20A-4-601. Definitions.**

318 As used in this part:

319 (1) "Candidate amplifier" means the product of:

320 (a) two less than the total number of candidates in a given ballot-counting phase of a  
321 multi-candidate race; and

322 (b) .02%.

323 (2) "First preference ranking" means the candidate selected as the candidate most  
324 preferred by a voter, as indicated by:

325 (a) the number one; or

326 (b) if the voter does not assign the number one to any candidate, the number two.

327 (3) "Multi-candidate race" means a nonpartisan municipal race where:

328 (a) for the election of at-large officers, the number of candidates who qualify for the  
329 race exceeds the total number of seats to be filled; or

330 (b) for the election of an officer other than an at-large officer, more than two  
331 candidates qualify to run for one office.

332 (4) "Participating municipality" means a municipality that is participating in the pilot  
333 project, in accordance with Subsection 20A-4-602(3).

334 (5) "Pilot project" means the Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project created  
335 in Section 20A-4-602.

336 (6) "Recount threshold" means the sum of the candidate amplifier and the following:

337 (a) for a ballot-counting phase in which fewer than 100 valid rankings are counted,

338 0.21%;

339 (b) for a ballot-counting phase in which at least 100, but fewer than 500, valid rankings  
340 are counted, 0.19%;

341 (c) for a ballot-counting phase in which at least 500, but fewer than 1,000, valid  
342 rankings are counted, 0.17%;

343 (d) for a ballot-counting phase in which at least 1,000, but fewer than 5,000, valid  
344 rankings are counted, 0.15%;

345 (e) for a ballot-counting phase in which at least 5,000, but fewer than 10,000, valid  
346 rankings are counted, 0.13%; and

347 (f) for a ballot-counting phase in which 10,000 or more valid rankings are counted,  
348 0.11%.

349 (7) "Valid" means that the ballot is marked in a manner that permits the ranking to be  
350 counted during the applicable ballot-counting phase.

351 (8) "Voting method" means:

352 (a) the instant runoff voting method described in Sections [20A-4-603](#) and [20A-4-604](#);

353 or

354 (b) the approval voting method described in Section [20A-4-605](#).

355 Section 7. Section **20A-4-602** is amended to read:

356 **20A-4-602. Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project -- Creation --**  
357 **Participation.**

358 (1) There is created the Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project.

359 (2) The pilot project begins on January 1, 2019, and ends on January 1, 2026.

360 (3) (a) A municipality may participate in the pilot project, in accordance with the  
361 requirements of this section and all other applicable provisions of law, during any  
362 odd-numbered year that the pilot project is in effect, if, before May 1 of the odd-numbered  
363 year, the legislative body of the municipality:

364 (i) votes to participate; and

365 (ii) provides written notice to the lieutenant governor and the county clerk;

366 (A) stating that the municipality intends to participate in the pilot project for the year  
367 specified in the notice[-]; and

368 (B) specifying the voting method that the municipality will use.

369 (b) The legislative body of a municipality that provides the notice of intent described in  
370 Subsection (3)(a) may:

371 (i) withdraw the notice of intent, and not participate in the pilot project, if the  
372 legislative body of the municipality provides written notice of withdrawal to the lieutenant  
373 governor and the county clerk before May 1[-]; or

374 (ii) change the voting method specified under Subsection (3)(a)(ii)(B) to another voting  
375 method, if the municipality provides written notice of the change to the lieutenant governor and  
376 the county clerk before May 1.

377 (4) The lieutenant governor shall maintain, in a prominent place on the lieutenant  
378 governor's website, a current list of the municipalities that are participating in the pilot project.

379 (5) (a) An election officer of a participating municipality shall, in accordance with the  
380 provisions of this part, conduct a multi-candidate race during the municipal general election  
381 using [~~instant runoff voting~~] the voting method most recently specified in accordance with  
382 Subsection (3).

383 (b) Except as provided in Subsection [20A-4-603](#)[~~(9)~~] (10) or [20A-4-605](#)(6), an election  
384 officer of a participating municipality that will conduct a multi-candidate race under  
385 Subsection (5)(a) may not conduct a municipal primary election relating to that race.

386 (c) A municipality that has in effect an ordinance described in Subsection  
387 [20A-9-404](#)(3) or (4) may not participate in the pilot project.

388 (6) Except for an election described in Subsection [20A-4-603](#)[~~(9)~~] (10) or  
389 [20A-4-605](#)(6), an individual who files a declaration of candidacy or a nomination petition, for a  
390 candidate who will run in an election described in this part, shall file the declaration of  
391 candidacy or nomination petition during the office hours described in Section [10-3-301](#) and not  
392 later than the close of those office hours, no sooner than the second Tuesday in August and no  
393 later than the third Tuesday in August of an odd-numbered year.

394 Section 8. Section [20A-4-603](#) is amended to read:

395 **[20A-4-603. Instant runoff voting.](#)**

396 (1) This section applies to a participating municipality that, under Subsection  
397 [20A-4-602](#)(3), specifies the candidate elimination voting method as the voting method that the  
398 municipality will use.

399 [~~(1)~~] (2) In a multi-candidate race, the election officer [~~for a participating municipality~~]

400 shall:

401 (a) (i) conduct the first ballot-counting phase by counting the valid first preference  
402 rankings for each candidate; and

403 (ii) if one of the candidates receives more than 50% of the valid first preference  
404 rankings counted, declare that candidate elected;

405 (b) if, after counting the valid first preference rankings for each candidate, no candidate  
406 receives more than 50% of the valid first preference rankings counted, conduct the second  
407 ballot-counting phase by:

408 (i) excluding from the multi-candidate race:

409 (A) the candidate who received the fewest valid first preference rankings counted; or

410 (B) in the event of a tie for the fewest valid first preference rankings counted, one of  
411 the tied candidates, determined by the election officer by lot, in accordance with Subsection  
412 ~~[(6)]~~ (7);

413 (ii) adding, to the valid first preference rankings counted for the remaining candidates,  
414 the next valid preference rankings cast for the remaining candidates by the voters who cast a  
415 valid first preference ranking for the excluded candidate; and

416 (iii) if, after adding the rankings in accordance with Subsection ~~[(1)]~~ (2)(b)(ii), one  
417 candidate receives more than 50% of the valid rankings counted, declaring that candidate  
418 elected; and

419 (c) if, after adding the next valid preference rankings in accordance with Subsection  
420 ~~[(1)]~~ (2)(b)(ii), no candidate receives more than 50% of the valid rankings counted, conduct  
421 subsequent ballot-counting phases by continuing the process described in Subsection ~~[(1)]~~  
422 (2)(b) until a candidate receives more than 50% of the valid rankings counted, as follows:

423 (i) excluding from consideration the candidate who has the fewest valid rankings  
424 counted or, in the event of a tie for the fewest valid rankings counted, excluding one of the tied  
425 candidates, by lot, in accordance with Subsection ~~[(6)]~~ (7); and

426 (ii) adding the next valid preference ranking cast by each voter whose ranking was  
427 counted for the last excluded candidate to one of the remaining candidates, in the order of the  
428 next preference indicated by the voter.

429 ~~[(2)]~~ (3) The election officer shall declare elected the first candidate who receives more  
430 than 50% of the valid rankings counted under the process described in Subsection ~~[(1)]~~ (2).

431           ~~[(3)]~~ (4) A ranking is valid for a particular ballot-counting phase of a multi-candidate  
432 race if:

433           (a) the voter indicates the voter's preference for that ballot-counting phase and all  
434 previous ballot-counting phases; or

435           (b) in the event that the voter skips a number in filling out the rankings on a ballot:

436           (i) the voter clearly indicates an order of preference for the candidates;

437           (ii) the voter does not skip two or more consecutive numbers at any point before the  
438 preference ranking that would otherwise be counted for the current ballot-counting phase;

439           (iii) the candidate next preferred by the voter is clearly indicated by a subsequent  
440 number that most closely follows the number assigned by the voter for the previously-ranked  
441 candidate; and

442           (iv) the voter did not give the same rank to more than one candidate for the applicable  
443 ballot-counting phase or a previous ballot-counting phase.

444           ~~[(4)]~~ (5) A ranking is not valid for a particular ballot-counting phase of a  
445 multi-candidate race, and for all subsequent ballot-counting phases, if:

446           (a) the voter indicates the same rank for more than one candidate for that  
447 ballot-counting phase; or

448           (b) the voter skips two or more consecutive numbers before ranking another candidate.

449           ~~[(5)]~~ (6) If, for a ballot-counting phase, a voter ranks a candidate who has withdrawn  
450 from the race, the next-ranked candidate who has not withdrawn from the race will be counted  
451 for that ballot-counting phase.

452           ~~[(6)]~~ (7) For each ballot-counting phase after the first phase, if two or more candidates  
453 tie as having received the fewest valid rankings counted at that point in the ballot count, the  
454 election officer shall eliminate one of those candidates from consideration, by lot, in the  
455 following manner:

456           (a) determine the names of the candidates who tie as having received the fewest valid  
457 rankings for that ballot-counting phase;

458           (b) cast the lot in the presence of at least two election officials and any counting poll  
459 watchers who are present and desire to witness the casting of the lot; and

460           (c) sign a public document that:

461           (i) certifies the method used for casting the lot and the result of the lot; and

462 (ii) includes the name of each individual who witnessed the casting of the lot.

463 [~~7~~] (8) In a multi-candidate race for an at-large office, where the number of  
464 candidates who qualify for the race exceeds the total number of at-large seats to be filled for  
465 the office, the election officer shall count the rankings by:

466 (a) except as provided in Subsection [~~8~~] (9), counting rankings in the same manner as  
467 described in Subsections [~~1~~] (2) through [~~6~~] (7), until a candidate is declared elected;

468 (b) repeating the process described in Subsection [~~7~~] (8)(a) for all candidates that are  
469 not declared elected until another candidate is declared elected; and

470 (c) continuing the process described in Subsection [~~7~~] (8)(b) until all at-large seats in  
471 the race are filled.

472 [~~8~~] (9) After a candidate is declared elected under Subsection [~~7~~] (8), the election  
473 officer shall, in repeating the process described in Subsections [~~1~~] (2) through [~~6~~] (7) to  
474 declare the next candidate elected, add to the ranking totals the next valid preference vote of  
475 each voter whose ranking was counted for a candidate already declared elected.

476 [~~9~~] (10) An election officer for a participating municipality may choose to conduct a  
477 primary election by using instant runoff voting in the manner described in Subsections [~~1~~] (2)  
478 through [~~6~~] (7), except that:

479 (a) instead of determining whether a candidate receives more than 50% of the valid  
480 preference rankings for a particular ballot-counting phase, the election officer shall proceed to a  
481 subsequent ballot-counting stage, and exclude the candidate who receives the fewest valid  
482 preference rankings in that phase, until twice the number of seats to be filled in the race  
483 remain; and

484 (b) after complying with Subsection [~~9~~] (10)(a), the election officer shall declare the  
485 remaining candidates nominated to participate in the municipal general election.

486 [~~10~~] (11) After completing all ballot-counting phases in a multi-candidate race, the  
487 election officer shall order a full recount of the ballots cast for that race if, in one or more of the  
488 ballot-counting phases:

489 (a) the difference between the number of rankings counted for a candidate who is  
490 declared elected and the number of rankings counted for any other candidate in the same  
491 ballot-counting phase is equal to or less than the product of the following, rounded up to the  
492 nearest whole number:

493 (i) the total number of voters who cast a valid ranking counted in that ballot-counting  
494 phase; and

495 (ii) the recount threshold; or

496 (b) the difference between the number of rankings counted for the candidate who  
497 received the fewest valid rankings in a ballot-counting phase and the number of rankings  
498 counted for any other candidate in the same ballot-counting phase is equal to or less than the  
499 product of the following, rounded up to the nearest whole number:

500 (i) the total number of voters who cast a valid ranking counted in that ballot-counting  
501 phase; and

502 (ii) the recount threshold.

503 ~~[(11)]~~ (12) A recount described in Subsection ~~[(10)]~~ (11):

504 (a) requires rescanning and tabulating all valid ballots; and

505 (b) provides for only one recount.

506 ~~[(12)]~~ (13) Notwithstanding Section 20A-4-301, a board of municipal canvassers may  
507 extend the canvass deadline by up to seven additional days, if necessary, to conduct a recount  
508 required under Subsection ~~[(10)]~~ (11).

509 Section 9. Section 20A-4-605 is enacted to read:

510 **20A-4-605. Approval voting method.**

511 (1) This section applies to a participating municipality that, under Subsection  
512 20A-4-602(3), specifies the approval voting method as the voting method that the municipality  
513 will use.

514 (2) In a multi-candidate race, the election officer shall:

515 (a) for each candidate, calculate the number of valid ballots on which the candidate is  
516 marked as approved; and

517 (b) subject to Subsection (3), declare elected the candidate who receives the highest  
518 number of approvals.

519 (3) The election officer shall order a recount of the valid ballots if the difference  
520 between the candidate who receives the highest number of approvals and any other candidate in  
521 the race is equal to or less than the product of the following, rounded up to the nearest whole  
522 number:

523 (a) the combined number of approvals for the two candidates; and

524 (b) the recount threshold.

525 (4) If, after complying with Subsection (3), two or more candidates tie with the highest  
526 number of approvals, the election officer shall:

527 (a) break the tie by lot, cast or drawn in the presence of at least two election officials  
528 and any counting poll watchers who are present and desire to witness the casting or drawing of  
529 the lot; and

530 (b) sign a public document that:

531 (i) certifies the method used for casting or drawing the lot and the result of the lot; and

532 (ii) includes the name of each individual who witnessed the casting or drawing of the  
533 lot.

534 (5) In a multi-candidate race for an at-large office, the election officer shall:

535 (a) for each candidate, calculate the number of valid ballots on which the candidate is  
536 marked as approved;

537 (b) subject to Subsection (5)(c), declare elected the number of candidates, equal to the  
538 number of positions to be filled, who receive the highest number of approvals;

539 (c) order a recount of the valid ballots if the difference between the number of  
540 approvals received by the candidate to be declared elected with the fewest number of approvals  
541 and any candidate with fewer approvals is equal to or less than the product of the following  
542 rounded up to the nearest whole number:

543 (i) the combined number of approvals for the two candidates; and

544 (ii) the recount threshold; and

545 (d) break a tie, if necessary, in accordance with Subsection (4).

546 (6) An election officer for a participating municipality may choose to conduct a  
547 primary election by using the approval voting method described in Subsections (1) through (4),  
548 except that, after complying with Subsections (3) and (4), if applicable, the election officer  
549 shall declare the top two candidates nominated to participate in the general election.

550 Section 10. Section **20A-6-203.5** is amended to read:

551 **20A-6-203.5. Alternate voting methods ballot.**

552 If, in an election, at least one of the races is conducted by [~~instant runoff voting under~~  
553 ~~Title 20A,~~] an alternate voting method under Chapter 4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting  
554 Methods Pilot Project, the portion of the ballot relating to that race shall:

555 (1) for a race conducted using the instant runoff voting method described in Sections  
 556 20A-4-603 and 20A-4-604:

557 ~~[(1)]~~ (a) list each candidate who qualifies to be placed on the election ballot for that  
 558 race;

559 ~~[(2)]~~ (b) opposite each candidate's name, include a place where a voter can indicate the  
 560 voter's vote in order of preference for each candidate, as described in ~~[Title 20A,]~~ Chapter 4,  
 561 Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project; and

562 ~~[(3)]~~ (c) provide the ability for a voter to enter a write-in candidate's name and indicate  
 563 the voter's ordered preference for the write-in candidate~~[-]; or~~

564 (2) for a race conducted using the approval voting method described in Section  
 565 20A-4-605:

566 (a) list each candidate who qualifies to be placed on the election ballot for that race;

567 (b) opposite each candidate's name, include a place where a voter can indicate the  
 568 voter's approval of each candidate, as described in Chapter 4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate  
 569 Voting Methods Pilot Project; and

570 (c) provide the ability for a voter to enter a write-in candidate's name and indicate the  
 571 voter's approval of the write-in candidate.

572 Section 11. Section **20A-6-402** is amended to read:

573 **20A-6-402. Ballots for municipal general elections.**

574 (1) Except as otherwise required for a race conducted by ~~[instant runoff voting under~~  
 575 ~~Title 20A,]~~ an alternate voting method under Chapter 4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting  
 576 Methods Pilot Project, for a manual ballot at a municipal general election, an election officer  
 577 shall ensure that:

578 (a) the names of the two candidates who received the highest number of votes for  
 579 mayor in the municipal primary are placed upon the ballot;

580 (b) if no municipal primary election was held, the names of the candidates who filed  
 581 declarations of candidacy for municipal offices are placed upon the ballot;

582 (c) for other offices:

583 (i) twice the number of candidates as there are positions to be filled are certified as  
 584 eligible for election in the municipal general election from those candidates who received the  
 585 greater number of votes in the primary election; and

586 (ii) the names of those candidates are placed upon the municipal general election  
587 ballot;

588 (d) the names of the candidates are placed on the ballot in the order specified under  
589 Section [20A-6-305](#);

590 (e) in an election in which a voter is authorized to cast a write-in vote and where a  
591 write-in candidate is qualified under Section [20A-9-601](#), a write-in area is placed upon the  
592 ballot that contains, for each office in which there is a qualified write-in candidate:

593 (i) a blank, horizontal line to enable a voter to submit a valid write-in candidate; and

594 (ii) a square or other conforming area that is adjacent to or opposite the blank  
595 horizontal line to enable the voter to indicate the voter's vote;

596 (f) ballot propositions that have qualified for the ballot, including propositions  
597 submitted to the voters by the municipality, municipal initiatives, and municipal referenda, are  
598 listed on the ballot in accordance with Section [20A-6-107](#); and

599 (g) bond propositions that have qualified for the ballot are listed on the ballot under the  
600 title assigned to each bond proposition under Section [11-14-206](#).

601 (2) Except as otherwise required for a race conducted by [~~instant runoff voting under~~  
602 ~~Title 20A,~~] an alternate voting method under Chapter 4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting  
603 Methods Pilot Project, when using a mechanical ballot at municipal general elections, each  
604 election officer shall ensure that:

605 (a) the following endorsements are displayed on the first portion of the ballot:

606 (i) "Official Ballot for \_\_\_\_ (City, Town, or Metro Township), Utah";

607 (ii) the date of the election; and

608 (iii) a facsimile of the signature of the election officer and the election officer's title;

609 (b) immediately below the election officer's title, a distinct border or line separates the  
610 endorsements from the rest of the ballot;

611 (c) immediately below the border or line, an "Instructions to Voters" section is  
612 displayed that states: "To vote for a candidate, select the name(s) of the person(s) you favor as  
613 the candidate(s) for each respective office." followed by another border or line;

614 (d) after the border or line, the designation of the office for which the candidates seek  
615 election is displayed, and the words, "Vote for one" or "Vote for up to \_\_\_\_ (the number of  
616 candidates for which the voter may vote)" are displayed, followed by a line or border;

617 (e) after the line or border, the names of the candidates are displayed in the order  
618 specified under Section 20A-6-305 with surnames last and grouped according to the office that  
619 they seek;

620 (f) a voting square or position is located adjacent to the name of each candidate;

621 (g) following the name of the last candidate for each office in which a write-in  
622 candidate is qualified under Section 20A-9-601, the ballot contains a write-in space where the  
623 voter may enter the name of and vote for a valid write-in candidate for the office; and

624 (h) the candidate groups are separated from each other by a line or border.

625 (3) When a municipality has chosen to nominate candidates by convention or  
626 committee, the election officer shall ensure that the party name is included with the candidate's  
627 name on the ballot.